# ITHMAAR HOLDING B.S.C.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# ITHMAAR HOLDING B.S.C. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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# Review report on the interim condensed consolidated financial information to the Board of Directors of Ithmaar Holding B.S.C.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Ithmaar Holding B.S.C. ("Ithmaar") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at 30 June 2021 and the related interim condensed consolidated income statement for the three and six month periods then ended, and the related interim condensed consolidated statements of changes in owners' equity, cash flows and changes in restricted investment accounts for the six month period then ended and explanatory notes (on pages 4 to 31). The directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed consolidated financial information based on our review.

## Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### **Conclusion**

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial information (on pages 4 to 31) is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of preparation stated in note 2 to this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

#### Other matter

As per the communication to public shareholding companies and locally incorporated banks by the Central Bank of Bahrain dated 30 March 2020 on the preparation and publication of interim financial information, the Group opted for the exemption of not preparing and publishing the interim condensed consolidated financial information for the three month period ended 31 March 2020. The comparative information in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position is based on the audited consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2020. The comparative information in the interim condensed consolidated income statement and the related interim condensed consolidated statements of changes in owners' equity, cash flows, changes in restricted investment accounts and related explanatory notes for the six month period ended 30 June 2020 is based on the reviewed interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six month period ended 30 June 2020, but the interim condensed consolidated income statement for the six month period ended 30 June 2020 did not separately include the relevant information for the three month period then ended. Accordingly, the comparative information for the interim condensed consolidated income statement for the three month period ended 30 June 2020 has not been audited or reviewed.

PricewaterhouseCoopers M.E Limited Partner's registration no. 196 Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain 12 August 2021

## Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Note	At 30 June 2021	At 31 December 2020
		(Reviewed)	(Audited)
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks and central banks	3	579,181	650,798
Commodity and other placements with banks,		450.705	000 400
financial and other institutions	4	450,725	280,100
Murabaha and other financings	5	2,310,261	2,405,755
Musharaka financing	6	1,217,222	929,496
Sukuk and investment securities	7	2,490,176	2,157,179
Investment in associates	8	634,435	623,161
Assets acquired for leasing		401,378	385,534
Insurance and related receivables	•	111,514	101,107
Other assets	9	199,297	151,459
Investment in real estate		242,471	256,304
Development properties		250,299	272,018
Fixed assets	2	170,398	81,307
Intangible assets		82,927	89,447
Total assets		9,140,284	8,383,665
Customers' current accounts  Due to banks, financial and other institutions  Due to investors  Other liabilities	2	1,986,756 1,294,561 1,384,772 505,986	1,753,006 1,114,914 1,364,020
	2	505,986	372,785
Insurance related reserves		131,207	123,167
Total liabilities		5,303,282	4,727,892
Equity of unrestricted investment accountholders	11	3,514,488	3,363,636
Non-controlling interests		283,890	277,375
Total liabilities, equity of unrestricted			
investment accountholders and non-controlling interest		9,101,660	8,368,903
Share capital	12	757,690	757,690
Treasury shares	12	(30,149)	(30,149)
Reserves		140,093	121,018
Accumulated losses		(829,010)	(833,797)
Total owners' equity		38,624	14,762
Total liabilities, equity of unrestricted investment			
accountholders, non-controlling interest and owners' equity		9,140,284	8,383,665
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This interim condensed consolidated financial information was approved by the Board of Directors on 12 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

HRH Prince Amr Mohamed Al Faisal

Chairman

Elham Hasan Director Ahmed Abdul Rahim

CEO

# Interim condensed consolidated income statement

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		Six months ended		Three months ended		
	Note	30 June 2021 (Reviewed)	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)		30 June 2020 (Not reviewed)	
INCOME Income from assets financed by unrestricted investment accounts		137,925		74,026	50,296	
Less: return to unrestricted investment accountholders and impairment provisions		(78,518)	(68,231)	(38,624)	(28,206)	
Group's share of income from unrestricted investment accounts as a Mudarib		59,407	50,169	35,402	22,090	
Income from murabaha and other financings		37,701	74,117	18,660	32,269	
Share of results after tax from associates		17,029	15,048	8,622	11,147	
Income from investments		58,763	79,642	30,855	36,822	
Other income	13	50,711	54,454	18,123	32,535	
Total income		223,611	273,430	111,662	134,863	
Less: profit paid to banks, financial and other institutions – net		(79,196)	(112,962)	(38,971)	(50,059)	
Operating income		144,415	160,468	72,691	84,804	
EXPENSES Administrative and general expenses Depreciation and amortization		(103,985) (17,684)	(93,492) (16,263)	(56,747) (8,892)	(45,274) (8,156)	
Total expenses		(121,669)	(109,755)	(65,639)	(53,430)	
Net income before provision for impairment and overseas taxation		22,746	50,713	7,052	31,374	
Reversal of/(provision for) impairment - net	10	7,918	(28,051)	689	211	
Net income before overseas taxation		30,664	22,662	7,741	31,585	
Overseas taxation		(17,703)	(15,259)	(8,632)	(6,002)	
NET INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD Attributable to:		12,961	7,403	(891)	25,583	
Equity holders of Ithmaar Non-controlling interest		4,006 8,955 <b>12,961</b>	(1,289) 8,692 <b>7,403</b>	(4,855) 3,964 <b>(891)</b>	21,295 4,288 <b>25,583</b>	
Basic and diluted earnings/(losses) per share	14		US Cts (0.04)	` `	US Cts 0.73	

This interim condensed consolidated financial information was approved by the Board of Directors on 12 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

HRH Prince Amr Mohamed Al Faisal

Chairman

Elham Hasan

Ahmed Ahdul Rahim

Ithmaar Holding B.S.C.
Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in owners' equity for the six month period ended 30 June 2021
(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		_	Reserves									
	Share capital	Treasury shares	Share premium	Statutory reserve	General reserve	Investments fair value reserve	Hedging reserve	Investment in real estate fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation	Total reserves	Accumulated losses	Total owners' equity
At 1 January 2021 (Audited)	757,690	(30,149)	149,085	38,485	50,727	(4,216)	(7,324)	4,491	(110,230)	121,018	(833,797)	14,762
Net income for the period Increase in shareholding of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,006	
subsidiary (note 1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	781	781
Movement in fair value of sukuk and investment securities (note 7)	-	-	-	-	-	7,532	-	-	-	7,532	-	7,532
Movement in hedging reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,958	-	-	1,958	-	1,958
Movement in fair value reserve of associates	-	-	-	-	-	8,725	-	-	-	8,725	-	8,725
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	109	-	22	729	860	-	860
At 30 June 2021 (Reviewed)	757,690	(30,149)	149,085	38,485	50,727	12,150	(5,366)	4,513	(109,501)	140,093	(829,010)	38,624

Ithmaar Holding B.S.C.
Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in owners' equity for the six month period ended 30 June 2020
(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		_	Reserves								
	Share capital	Treasury shares	Share premium	Statutory reserve	General reserve		Investment in real estate fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation	Total reserves	Accumulated losses	Total owners' equity
At 1 January 2020 (Audited) Adjustments resulting from adoption of FAS 33	757,690	(30,149)	149,085 -	38,485	50,727	<b>(18,485)</b> 10,660	<b>4,178</b> -	(109,692)	114,298 10,660	(746,293) -	95,546 10,660
At 1 January 2020 (Audited)	757,690	(30,149)	149,085	38,485	50,727	(7,825)	4,178	(109,692)	124,958	(746,293)	106,206
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,289)	(1,289)
Modification loss (note 2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(51,443)	(51,443)
Increase in shareholding of subsidiary (note 1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,411	3,411
Movement in fair value of sukuk and investment securities	-	-	-	-	-	(2,269)	-	-	(2,269)	-	(2,269)
Movement in fair value reserve of associates	-	-	-	-	-	(28,433)	-	-	(28,433)	-	(28,433)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	(549)	(1,976)	(14,856)	(17,381)	-	(17,381)
At 30 June 2020 (reviewed)	757,690	(30,149)	149,085	38,485	50,727	(39,076)	2,202	(124,548)	76,875	(795,614)	8,802

## Interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		Six months en	ded
	Notes	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		( 1 1 11,	( 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Net income before overseas taxation		30,664	22,662
Adjustments for:		,	,
Depreciation and amortization		17,684	16,263
Share of results after tax from associates		(17,029)	(15,048)
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment - net	10	(7,918)	28,051
Income from investments		(58,763)	(79,642)
Finance cost on net ijarah liability		3,884	-
(Gain)/Loss on sale of fixed assets		(1,557)	36
Operating loss before changes in operating		(1,007)	
assets and liabilities		(33,035)	(27,678)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(33,033)	(27,070)
Balances with banks maturing after ninety days including			
central banks balances relating to minimum reserve			
requirement		3,010	419,295
Murabaha and other financings		119,301	(235,646)
Musharaka financing		(278,592)	(69,577)
Other assets		(23,707)	(20,374)
Customers' current accounts		221,555	144,890
Due to banks, financial and other institutions		176,556	(57,082)
Due to investors		3,342	(33,754)
Other liabilities		56,808	4,613
Increase in equity of unrestricted investment		•	,
accountholders		140,272	327,279
Taxes paid		(15,904)	(6,790)
Net cash generated from operating activities		369,606	445,176
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net changes in:			
Investment in associates		(205)	-
Assets acquired for leasing		(15,844)	7,039
Sukuk and investment securities		(261,832)	(217,192)
Fixed assets		(4,207)	(6,313)
Dividend received from associates		21,653	26,892
Net cash used in investing activities		(260,435)	(189,574)
FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Repayment of net lajrah liability		(5,385)	-
Net cash used in financing activity		(5,385)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(8,522)	(44,902)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		95,264	210,700
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		754,107	850,497
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	849,371	1,061,197

# Non-cash items:

- 1. Additions to the fixed assets in relation to the recognition of right of use of assets amounted to \$91.5 million.
- 2. Recognition of lease liabilities amounted to \$91.5 million recorded in other liabilities.
- 3. Classification of investment securities to investment in associates amounted to \$5.9 million

# Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in restricted investment accounts for the six month period ended 30 June 2021

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

_	At 1 January 2021	movements	At 30 June 2021	
Shamil Bosphorus Modaraba*	6,250	-	6,250	
European Real Estate Placements*	12,748	2,056	14,804	
US Real Estate Placements*	25,236	-	25,236	
TOTAL (Reviewed)	44,234	2,056	46,290	

<sup>\*</sup> Income/(loss) will be recognised and distributed at the time of disposal of the underlying investments.

# Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in restricted investment accounts for the six month period ended 30 June 2020

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		Foreign exchange			
_	At 1 January 2020	movements	At 30 June 2020		
Shamil Bosphorus Modaraba*	6,250	-	6,250		
European Real Estate Placements*	14,146	1,206	15,352		
US Real Estate Placements*	25,236	-	25,236		
TOTAL (Not reviewed)	45,632	1,206	46,838		

<sup>\*</sup> Income/(loss) will be recognised and distributed at the time of disposal of the underlying investments.

Notes to interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six month period ended 30 June 2021

#### 1 INCORPORATION AND ACTIVITIES

Ithmaar Holding B.S.C. (formerly Ithmaar Bank B.S.C.) ("Ithmaar") was incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain on 13 August 1984 and was licensed as an investment bank regulated by the Central Bank of Bahrain (the "CBB").

Dar Al-Maal Al-Islami Trust ("DMIT"), a Trust incorporated in the commonwealth of Bahamas is the parent company of Ithmaar.

Islamic Investment Company of the Gulf (Bahamas) Limited (IICG), a company incorporated in the Commonwealth of Bahamas and owned 100% by DMIT, is an affiliate of Ithmaar.

The principal activities of Ithmaar and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") include a wide range of financial services, including retail, commercial, investment banking, private banking, takaful and real estate development.

Ithmaar's activities are regulated by the CBB and are subject to the supervision of Shari'a Supervisory Board.

Ithmaar's shares are listed on the Bahrain Bourse and Dubai Financial Market. During an Ordinary General Meeting on 29 August 2019, the shareholders approved to voluntarily delist from Boursa Kuwait. On 13 September 2020, the Capital Market Authority, in Kuwait, rejected Ithmaar's application for voluntary delist and instead forcedly delisted Ithmaar's shares as per their regulations.

The Group's activities also include acting as a Mudarib (manager, on a trustee basis), of funds deposited for investment in accordance with Islamic laws and principles particularly with regard to the prohibition of receiving or paying interest. These funds are included in the interim condensed consolidated financial information as equity of unrestricted investment accountholders and restricted investment accounts. In respect of equity of unrestricted investment accountholders, the investment accountholders authorise the Group to invest the accountholders' funds in a manner which the Group deems appropriate without laying down any restrictions as to where, how and for what purpose the funds should be invested. In respect of restricted investment accounts, the investment accountholders impose certain restrictions as to where, how and for what purpose the funds are to be invested. Further, the Group may be restricted from commingling its own funds with the funds of restricted investment accounts.

The Group carries out its business activities through it's head office and its following principal subsidiaries:

	% owned			
	30 June	31 December		Principal business
	2021	2020	Country of Incorporation	activity
<u>Direct subsidiaries</u>				
Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (C)	100	100	Kingdom of Bahrain	Banking
IB Capital B.S.C. (C)	100	100	Kingdom of Bahrain	Asset management
Faisal Private Bureau (Switzerland) S.A.	100	100	Switzerland	Wealth and asset management
Shamil Financial (Luxembourg) S.A.	100	100	Luxembourg	Investment holding
Principal indirect subsidiaries				
Faysal Bank Limited	67	67	Pakistan	Banking
Solidarity Group Holding B.S.C. (C)	56	56	Kingdom of Bahrain	Takaful
Ithmaar Development Company Limited	100	100	Cayman Islands	Real estate
Health Island W.L.L.	50	50	Kingdom of Bahrain	Real estate
Dilmunia Development Fund I L.P.	91	90	Cayman Islands	Real estate
City View Real Estate Development Co. B.S.C. (C)	51	51	Kingdom of Bahrain	Real estate

During the period, the Groups' holding increased in Dilmunia Development Fund I L.P.due to in-kind redemption by investors.

1.1 As of 30 June 2021, the total consolidated equity of the Group stood at \$38.6 million as compared to \$14.8 million as at 31 December 2020. The current equity is still above the minimum threshold required by the Group's Category 1 investment firm license. The Board of Directors of Ithmaar is working on various initiatives to strengthen the Group's consolidated equity and solvency.

The Group has lost its reserves and more than three quarters of its capital and the Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors did not summon an extraordinary general meeting of the Shareholders in order to decide whether to continue with the operations of Ithmaar, reduce the capital or take other suitable measures, which is a non-compliance with Article 64(7) of its articles of association. The Group has agreed with the CBB and Bahrain Bourse to hold the EGM, as required, by November 2021.

The Group's management assessed its liquidity and equity projections for the coming twelve months from the date of the consolidated financial statements including various stress scenarios as follows:

- Assuming the lifting of sanctioned deposits and partial repayments.
- Stressing the expected outflows of the liabilities.
- Stressing the expected inflows from financings.
- Increased availability of liquid assets in the form of government securities.
- Stressing the estimated change in fair values of equity and debt instruments.

The Board of Directors has reviewed the above projections and believes that the Group will be able to continue its business without any significant curtailment of operations and meet its obligations for a period of at least one year from the date of issue of these interim condensed consolidated financial information. Accordingly, this interim condensed consolidated financial information is prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group has been prepared in accordance with applicable rules and regulations issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB") including the recently issued CBB circulars on regulatory concessionary measures in response to COVID-19. These rules and regulations require the adoption of all Financial Accounting Standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation of Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI) (FAS), except for:

- a) recognition of modification losses on all financing assets arising from payment holidays provided to customers impacted by COVID-19 without charging additional profits, in equity instead of the profit or loss account as required by FAS issued by AAOIFI. Any other modification gain or loss on financial assets are recognised in accordance with the requirements of applicable FAS.
- b) recognition of financial assistance received from the government and/ or regulators in response to its COVID-19 support measures that meets the government grant requirement, in equity, instead of the profit or loss account as required by the statement on "Accounting implications of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic" issued by AAOIFI. This will only be to the extent of any modification loss recorded in equity as a result of (a) above, and the balance amount to be recognised in the interim condensed consolidated income statement. Any other financial assistance is recognised in accordance with the requirements of FAS.

The above framework for basis of preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information is hereinafter referred to as 'Financial Accounting Standards as modified by CBB'.

In line with the requirements of AAOIFI and the CBB rule book, for matters not covered under AAOIFI standards the Group uses guidance from the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Accordingly, the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group has been presented in condensed form in accordance with the guidance provided by International Accounting Standard 34 – 'Interim Financial Reporting', using 'Financial Accounting Standards as modified by CBB' framework.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 were in accordance with FAS as modified by the CBB. Except for the application of the new standards, all other accounting policies remain the same and have been consistently applied in this interim condensed consolidated financial information. The retrospective application of the change in accounting policies did not result in any change to the interim condensed consolidated financial information reported for the comparative period.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group does not contain all information and disclosures required for the annual audited consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020. Further, results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2021.

The Group has certain assets, liabilities and related income and expenses which are not Sharia compliant as these existed before Ithmaar converted to an Islamic retail bank in April 2010. These are currently presented in accordance with FAS as modified by the CBB standards in the interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six month period ended 30 June 2021 as appropriate.

The Sharia Supervisory Board has approved the Sharia Compliance Plan ("Plan") for conversion of assets and liabilities which are not Sharia Compliant. The Sharia Supervisory Board is monitoring the implementation of this Plan.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information are set out below:

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The accounting policies and methods of computation applied by the Group in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are the same as those used in the preparation of the Group audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020, except for the adoption of following standards and amendments to standards effective from 1 January 2021. Adoption of these standards and amendments did not result in changes to previously reported net profit or equity of the Group, however it has resulted in additional disclosures.

# A. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

#### 1. FAS 32 Ijarah

AAOIFI issued FAS 32 "Ijarah" in 2020, this standard is effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. The standard supersedes the existing FAS 8 "Ijarah and Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek".

FAS 32 sets out principles for the classification, recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of Ijarah (Ijarah asset, including different forms of Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek) transactions entered into by the Islamic financial institutions as a lessor and lessee.

The Group has applied FAS 32 "Ijarah" from 1 January 2021. The impact of adoption of this standard is disclosed below:

a) Change in accounting policy

Identifying an Ijarah

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is ljarah, or contains an ljarah. A contract is ljarah, or contains an ljarah if the contract transfers the usufruct (but not control) of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for an agreed consideration. For ljarah contracts with multiple components, the Group accounts for each ljarah component within a contract separately from non-ljarah components of the contract (e.g. service fee, maintenance charges, toll manufacturing charges etc.).

#### Measurement

For a contract that contains an Ijarah component and one or more additional Ijarah or non-Ijarah components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each Ijarah component on the basis of relative stand-alone price of the Ijarah component and the aggregate estimated stand-alone price of the non-Ijarah components, that may be charged by the lessor, or a similar supplier, to the lessee.

At the commencement date, a lessee shall recognise a right-of-use (usufruct) asset and a net ijarah liability.

i) Right-of-use (usufruct) asset

On initial recognition, the lessee measures the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises of:

- The prime cost of the right-of-use asset;
- Initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- Dismantling or decommissioning costs.

The prime cost is reduced by the expected terminal value of the underlying asset. If the prime cost of the right-of-use asset is not determinable based on the underlying cost method (particularly in the case of an operating ljarah), the prime cost at commencement date may be estimated based on the fair value of the total consideration paid/payable (i.e. total ljarah rentals) against the right-of-use assets, under a similar transaction. As per the Group's assessment, at the time of implementation the fair value of right-of-use assets are equal to the net ljarah liability.

After the commencement date, the lessee measures the right-of-use asset at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, adjusted for the effect of any ljarah modification or reassessment.

The Group amortises the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful economic life of the right-of-use asset, according to a systematic basis that is reflective of the pattern of utilization of benefits from the right-of-use asset. The amortizable amount comprises of the right-of-use asset less residual value, if any.

The Group determines the ljarah term, including the contractually binding period, as well as reasonably certain optional periods, including:

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 (continued)

#### 1. FAS 32 Ijarah (continued)

- Extension periods if it is reasonably certain that the Group will exercise that option; and/ or
- Termination options if it is reasonably certain that the Group will not exercise that option.

The Group carries out impairment assessment in line with the requirements of FAS 30 "Impairment, Credit Losses and Onerous Commitments" to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment losses. The impairment assessment takes into consideration the salvage value, if any. Any related commitments, including promises to purchase the underlying asset, are also considered in line with FAS 30 "Impairment, Credit Losses and Onerous Commitments"

#### ii) Net ijarah liability

The net ijarah liability comprises of the gross liarah liability, plus deferred liarah cost (shown as a contra-liability).

The gross ljarah liability are initially recognised as the gross amount of total ljarah rental payables for the ljarah term. The rentals payable comprise of the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the ljarah term:

- Fixed ljarah rentals less any incentives receivable;
- Variable ljarah rentals including supplementary rentals; and
- Payment of additional rentals, if any, for terminating the ljarah (if the ljarah term reflects the lessee exercising the termination option).

Advance rentals paid are netted-off with the gross ljarah liability.

After the commencement date, the Group measures the net ljarah liability by:

- Increasing the net carrying amount to reflect return on the Ijarah liability (amortisation of deferred Ijarah cost);
- · Reducing the carrying amount of the gross Ijarah liability to reflect the Ijarah rentals paid; and
- Re-measuring the carrying amount in the event of reassessment or modifications to ljarah contract, or to reflect revised ljarah rentals.

The deferred ljarah cost is amortised to income over the ljarah terms on a time proportionate basis, using the effective rate of return method. After the commencement date, the Group recognises the following in the interim condensed consolidated income statement:

- · Amortisation of deferred liarah cost; and
- Variable ljarah rentals (not already included in the measurement of ljarah liability) as and when the triggering events/conditions occur.

ljarah contract modifications

After the commencement date, the Group accounts for Ijarah contract modifications as follows:

- Change in the ljarah term: re-calculation and adjustment of the right-of-use asset, the ljarah liability, and the deferred ljarah cost; or
- Change in future ljarah rentals only: re-calculation of the ljarah liability and the deferred ljarah cost only, without impacting the right-of- use asset.

An Ijarah modification is considered as a new Ijarah component to be accounted for as a separate Ijarah for the lessee, if the modification both additionally transfers the right to use of an identifiable underlying asset and the Ijarah rentals are increased corresponding to the additional right-of-use asset.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# A. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 (continued)

#### 1. FAS 32 Ijarah (continued)

For modifications not meeting any of the conditions stated above, the Group considers the ljarah as a modified ljarah as of the effective date and recognises a new ljarah transaction. The Group recalculates the ljarah liability, deferred ljarah cost, and right-of-use asset, and de- recognise the existing ljarah transaction and balances.

Expenses relating to underlying asset

Operational expenses relating to the underlying asset, including any expenses contractually agreed to be borne by the Group, are recognised by the Group in income statement in the period incurred. Major repair and maintenance, takaful, and other expenses incidental to ownership of underlying assets (if incurred by lessee as agent) are recorded as receivable from lessor.

Recognition exemptions and simplified accounting for the lessee

The Group has elected not to apply the requirements of Ijarah recognition and measurement of recognizing right-of-use asset and net Ijarah liability for the following:

- · Short-term ljarah; and
- ljarah for which the underlying asset is of low value.

Short-term Ijarah exemption is applied on a whole class of underlying assets which have similar characteristics and operational utility. However, low-value Ijarah exemption is applied on an individual asset/Ijarah transaction, and not on group/combination basis.

#### b) Impact of on adoption of FAS 32

The management of the Group has decided to apply FAS 32 using the modified retrospective approach (i.e. the impact of all the ljarah contracts outstanding as at 31 December 2020 are reflected in the balances as of 1 January 2021) and therefore comparative information has not been restated. The impact of adoption of FAS 32 as at 1 January 2021 has resulted in an increase in right-of-use asset and an increase in net ljarah liability by \$84 million. The lease contracts comprise of Head office, ATM sites and branches.

	Total assets	Total liabilities
As at 31 December 2020	8,383,665	8,091,528
Impact on adoption:		
Right-of-use assets	91,539	-
Net ljarah liability		91,539
Opening balance under FAS 32 on date of initial application - 1 January 2021	8,475,204	8,183,067
	Right-of-use	Net Ijarah
	assets	liability
As at 1 January 2021	91,539	91,539
Depreciation during the period	(7,455)	
Finance cost	-	3,884
Net ijarah rentals	-	(5,385)
Forex and other movements	5,361	(628)
As at 30 June 2021	89,445	89,410

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. New standards, amendments, and interpretations issued but not yet effective

(i) FAS 38 Wa'ad, Khiyar and Tahawwut

AAOIFI has issued FAS 38 Wa'ad, Khiyar and Tahawwut in 2020. The objective of this standard is to prescribe the accounting and reporting principles for recognition, measurement and disclosures in relation to shariah compliant Wa'ad (promise), Khiyar (option) and Tahawwut (hedging) arrangements for Islamic financial institutions. This standard is effective for the financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

This standard classifies Wa'ad and Khiyar arrangements into two categories as follows:

- a) "ancillary Wa'ad or Khiyar" which is related to a structure of transaction carried out using other products i.e. Murabaha, ljarah Muntahia Bittamleek, etc.; and
- b) "product Wa'ad and Khiyar" which is used as a stand-alone Shariah compliant arrangement.

Further, the standard prescribes accounting for constructive obligations and constructive rights arising from the stand-alone Wa'ad and Khivar products.

The Group is currently evaluating and assessing the impact of adopting this standard.

#### 2.1 COVID-19 IMPACT

On 11 March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared, a pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) and has rapidly evolved globally. This has resulted in a global economic slowdown with uncertainties in the economic environment. Global equity and commodity markets, and in particular oil prices, have also experienced great volatility and a significant drop in prices. The estimation uncertainty is associated with the extent and duration of the expected economic downturn and forecasts for key economic factors including GDP, employment, oil prices etc. This includes disruption to capital markets, deteriorating credit markets and liquidity concerns. Authorities have taken various measures to contain the spread including implementation of travel restrictions and quarantine measures. The pandemic as well as the resulting measures and policies have had some impact on the Group. The Group has been actively monitoring the COVID-19 situation, and in response to this outbreak, has activated its business continuity plan and various other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption on its operations and financial performance.

The management and the Board of Directors (BOD) have been closely monitoring the potential impact of the COVID-19 developments on the Group's operations and financial position; including possible loss of revenue, impact on asset valuations, impairment, review of onerous contracts and debt covenants, outsourcing arrangements etc. The Group has also put in place contingency measures, which include but are not limited to enhancing and testing of business continuity plans including its liquidity requirements.

In preparing the interim condensed consolidated financial information, judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and sources of estimation are subject to uncertainty regarding the potential impacts of the current economic volatility and these are considered to represent management's best assessment based on available or observable information.

#### 2.2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Credit Risk**

The uncertainties due to COVID-19 and resultant economic volatility has impacted the Group's financing operations and is expected to affect most of the customers and sectors to some degree. Although it is difficult to assess at this stage the degree of impact faced by each sector, the main industries impacted are hospitality, tourism, leisure, airlines/transportation and retailers. In addition, some other industries are expected to be indirectly impacted such as contracting, real estate and wholesale trading.

Considering this evolving situation, the Group has taken preemptive measures to mitigate credit risk by adopting more cautious approach for credit approvals thereby tightening the criteria for extending credit to impacted sectors. Payment holidays with additional profit have been extended to customers, including private and SME sector, in line with the instructions of CBB. These measures may lead to lower disbursement of financing facilities, resulting in lower net financing income and decrease in other revenue.

#### 2.2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### Credit Risk (continued)

The risk management department has also enhanced its monitoring of financing portfolio by reviewing the performance of exposures to sectors expected to be directly or indirectly impacted by COVID-19 to identify potential Significant increase in Credit Risk (SICR).

The Group has updated its inputs and assumptions for computation of Expected Credit Losses (ECL).

#### Liquidity risk and capital management

The effects of COVID-19 on the liquidity and funding risk profile of the banking system are evolving and are subject to ongoing monitoring and evaluation. The CBB has announced various measures to combat the effects of COVID-19 and to ease the liquidity in banking sector. Following are some of the significant measures that has an impact on the liquidity risk and regulatory capital profile of the Group:

- Payment holiday for 6 another months to eligible customers till 31 December 2021;
- Reduction of cash reserve ratio from 5% to 3%;
- Reduction of LCR and NSFR ratio from 100% to 80%;
- Aggregate of modification loss and incremental ECL provision for stage 1 and stage 2 from March to December 2020 to be added back to Tier 1 capital for the two years ending 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021 and to deduct this amount proportionately from Tier 1 capital on an annual basis for three years ending 31 December 2022, 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024.

The management of the Group has enhanced its monitoring of the liquidity and funding requirements.

#### Operational risk management

In response to COVID-19 outbreak, there were various changes in the working model, interaction with customers, digital modes of payment and settlement, customer acquisition and executing contracts and carrying out transactions with and on behalf of the customers. The management of the Group has enhanced its monitoring to identify risk events arising out of the current situation and the changes in the way business is conducted.

# 2.3 JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas of significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 2.3 JUDGMENT AND ESTIMATES (continued)

#### **Expected credit Losses**

Due to the economic uncertainties caused by COVID-19, the Group has updated its inputs and assumptions used for the determination of ECL as at 30 June 2021. ECL were estimated based on a range of forecast economic conditions as at that date and considering the uncertainty of the situation, the Group has considered the impact of higher volatility in the forward-looking macro-economic factors, when determining the severity and likelihood of economic scenarios for ECL determination.

Scenario analysis has been conducted with various stress assumptions taking into consideration all model parameters i.e. probability weighting of economic scenarios, probability of default, loss given default, exposure of default and period of exposure. Furthermore, a comprehensive assessment of all corporate clients has been undertaken covering all relevant factors including but not limited to financial standing, industry outlook, facility structure, depth of experience, shareholder support etc. Given the fact that the client base is primarily based in Bahrain, all Government relief efforts to mitigate the impact of COVID-19 will also have a mitigating impact on ECL assessment. The Group has factored the impact of these efforts into its ongoing ECL assessment.

The judgements and associated assumptions have been made within the context of the impact of COVID-19 and reflect historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In relation to COVID-19, judgements and assumptions include the extent and duration of the pandemic, the impacts of actions of governments and other authorities, and the responses of businesses and consumers in different industries, along with the associated impact on the global economy. Accordingly, the Group's ECL estimates are inherently uncertain and, as a result, actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

A SICR occurs when there has been a significant increase in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of a financial instrument. In the measurement of ECL, judgement is involved in setting the rules and trigger points to determine whether there has been a SICR since initial recognition of a financing facility, which would result in the financial asset moving from 'stage 1' to 'stage 2'.

The Group continues to assess borrowers for other indicators of unlikeliness to pay, taking into consideration the underlying cause of any financial difficulty and whether it is likely to be temporary as a result of COVID-19 or longer term.

During the period, in accordance with CBB instructions the Group has granted payment holidays to its eligible customers by deferring instalments up to six months, this is fourth in the series of payment holidays granted since March 2020. These deferrals are considered as short-term liquidity to address borrower cash flow issues. The relief offered to customers may indicate a SICR. However, the Group believes that the extension of these payment reliefs does not automatically trigger a SICR and a stage migration for the purposes of calculating ECL, as these are being made available to assist borrowers affected by the COVID-19 outbreak to resume regular payments. Sufficient information is not available to enable the Group to individually differentiate between a borrowers' short-term liquidity constraints and a change in its lifetime credit risk.

#### Reasonableness of Forward Looking Information

Judgement is involved in determining which forward looking information variables are relevant for particular financing portfolios and for determining the sensitivity of the parameters to movements in these forward-looking variables. The Group derives a forward looking "base case" economic scenario which reflects the Group's view of the most likely future macroeconomic conditions.

Any changes made to ECL to estimate the overall impact of COVID-19 is subject to high levels of uncertainty as limited forward-looking information is currently available on which to base those changes.

The Group has previously performed historical analysis and identified key economic variables impacting credit risk and ECL for each portfolio, applying expert judgement in this process. These economic variables and their associated impact on PD, EAD and LGD vary by financial instrument. Forecast of these economic variables (the "base, upside and downside economic scenario") are obtained externally on an annual basis, unless there is significant change in credit risk.

Macro-economic variables are checked for correlation with the probability of default and only those variables for which the movement can be rationalised statistically are used. Stress has been applied on existing macro-economic variable in ECL review exercise. Management has used its judgement to determine the relevant macroeconomic variables which were used in the ECL model based on information published by external agencies or government agencies.

#### 2.3 JUDGMENT AND ESTIMATES (continued)

#### **Probability weights**

Management judgement is involved in determining the probability weighting of each scenario considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the base case scenario.

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of the occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projections.

#### 2.4 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

Due to the outbreak of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) in early 2020, as per the communication to public shareholding companies and locally incorporated banks by the Central Bank of Bahrain dated 30 March 2020 on the preparation and publication of interim financial information, the Group opted for the exemption of not preparing and publishing the interim condensed consolidated financial information for the three month period ended 31 March 2020. The comparative information for the interim condensed consolidated income statement for the three month period ended 30 June 2020 has not been audited or reviewed.

# (Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

# 3 CASH AND BALANCES WITH BANKS AND CENTRAL BANKS

		30	31 December 2020			
		Relating to unrestricted			Relating to unrestricted	
	Relating to	investment		Relating to	investment	
	owners	accounts	Total	owners	accounts	Total
Cash reserve with central banks	99,090	11,541	110,631	101,500	9,867	111,367
Cash and balances with banks						
and central banks	290,799	177,751	468,550	404,038	135,393	539,431
	389,889	189,292	579,181	505,538	145,260	650,798

# 4 COMMODITY AND OTHER PLACEMENTS WITH BANKS, FINANCIAL AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS

		30	31 December 2020			
	Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment		Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment	
	owners	accounts	Total	owners	accounts	Total
Commodity and other placements	390,224	60,727	450,951	268,001	12,581	280,582
Less: expected credit loss	(226)	-	(226)	(482)	-	(482)
•	389,998	60,727	450,725	267,519	12,581	280,100

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of interim condensed consolidated cash flow statements are as follows:

	30 June 2021				30 June 2020		
	Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment		Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment		
	owners	accounts	Total	owners	accounts	Total	
Cash and balances with banks and central banks	389,889	189,292	579,181	703,430	101,352	804,782	
Commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions - net	389,998	60,727	450,725	406,958	11,422	418,380	
Less: Placements with original maturities more than ninety days	(56,520)	(13,384)	(69,904)	(38,584)	(11,422)	(50,006)	
Less: Balances with central banks relating to minimum							
reserve requirement	(99,090) <b>624,277</b>	(11,541) <b>225,094</b>	(110,631) <b>849,371</b>	(108,414) <b>963,390</b>	(3,545) <b>97,807</b>	(111,959) <b>1,061,197</b>	
	,	,	,	,-••	,-•-	,,	

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

# 5 MURABAHA AND OTHER FINANCINGS

		30 June 2021			31 December 2020		
		Relating to			Relating to		
		unrestricted			unrestricted		
	Relating to	investment		Relating to	investment		
	owners	accounts	Total	owners	accounts	Total	
Murabaha and other financings	1,122,078	1,539,840	2,661,918	1,359,218	1,408,082	2,767,300	
Less: expected credit loss	(294,679)	(56,978)	(351,657)	(314,205)	(47,340)	(361,545)	
	827,399	1,482,862	2,310,261	1,045,013	1,360,742	2,405,755	

The movement in expected credit loss is as follows:

	30 June 2021				31 December 2020		
	Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment		Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment		
	owners	accounts	Total	owners	accounts	Total	
At 1 January	314,205	47,340	361,545	312,556	26,624	339,180	
Charge for the period/year	10,239	9,777	20,016	41,148	20,668	61,816	
Write back during the period/year	(19,939)	(165)	(20,104)	(9,202)	(58)	(9,260)	
Write off during the period/year	(11,449)	-	(11,449)	(30,820)	-	(30,820)	
Reclassification	(332)	-	(332)	5,821	210	6,031	
Exchange differences and							
other movements	1,955	26	1,981	(5,298)	(104)	(5,402)	
	294,679	56,978	351,657	314,205	47,340	361,545	

# 6 MUSHARAKA FINANCING

		31 December 2020				
		Relating to unrestricted			Relating to unrestricted	
	Relating to	investment		Relating to	investment	
	owners	accounts	Total	owners	accounts	Total
Musharaka financing	347	1,230,902	1,231,249	268	939,836	940,104
Less: expected credit loss	-	(14,027)	(14,027)	-	(10,608)	(10,608)
·	347	1,216,875	1,217,222	268	929,228	929,496

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 7 SUKUK AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES

	30 June 2021			31 December 2020		
	Relating to owners	Relating to unrestricted investment accounts	Total	Relating to owners	Relating to unrestricted investment accounts	Total
Investment securities at fair						
value through income statement						
Debt-type instruments – unlisted	351,323	-	351,323	40,959	-	40,959
Equity-type securities – listed	4,312	-	4,312	3,848	-	3,848
	355,635	-	355,635	44,807	-	44,807
Investment securities at fair						
value through equity						
Debt-type instruments – listed	208,226	98,777	307,003	204,334	101,598	305,932
Debt-type instruments – unlisted	1,033,808	260,544	1,294,352	1,009,478	250,778	1,260,256
Equity-type securities – listed	85,222	632	85,854	85,623	-	85,623
Equity-type securities – unlisted	279,066	=	279,066	279,377	-	279,377
	1,606,322	359,953	1,966,275	1,578,812	352,376	1,931,188
Less: expected credit loss	(206,499)	=	(206,499)	(209,464)	-	(209,464)
	1,399,823	359,953	1,759,776	1,369,348	352,376	1,721,724
Investment securities						
carried at amortised cost						
Debt-type instruments – unlisted	3,301	56,979	60,280	3,326	62,142	65,468
Other debt-type instruments – listed	49,086	259,507	308,593	52,185	270,930	323,115
Other debt-type instruments – unlisted	7,236	8,332	15,568	8,674	2,968	11,642
	59,623	324,818	384,441	64,185	336,040	400,225
Less: expected credit loss	(9,676)	=	(9,676)	(9,577)	-	(9,577)
	49,947	324,818	374,765	54,608	336,040	390,648
	1,805,405	684,771	2,490,176	1,468,763	688,416	2,157,179

During May 2006, Mastercard International awarded Shamil bank 15,310 class B common stock.

The shares received at the time by erstwhile Shamil Bank was inadvertently not recorded in the books nor the dividend relating to these shares were ever collected. No amount was paid for these at the initiation time as these shares were issued free of cost. Management was in the process of establishing the ownership of these shares, transferring the ownership to Ithmaar Bank as currently the shares are under the name of Shamil Bank, which is now Ithmaar Bank and arranging to collect the pending dividends. The process is now in its final stages.

The investment in these share is classified and recorded as "Investment securities at fair value through equity" in accordance with FAS 33. Since no cost was incurred at the time these shares were received, the fair value of these shares at that time amounted to \$0.6 million is recorded as a gain in the interim condensed consolidated income statement. Subsequent fair value gain of \$5.0 million is recorded under fair value reserve in interim condensed consolidated equity.

The Board of Directors believes that the impact of these adjustments is not material with relevance to the interim condensed consolidated financial information as a whole and the users of this interim condensed consolidated financial information. Hence the adjustments are reflected in the current period.

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 7 SUKUK AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

A hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources; unobservable inputs reflect the Group's market assumptions. These two types of inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical investments.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the investments, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

Level 3 – Inputs for the investments that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. The Group considers relevant and observable market prices in its valuations where possible.

#### Investments measured at fair value

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 30 June 2021				
Investment securities at fair value				
through income statement				
Debt-type instruments	-	351,323	-	351,323
Equity-type securities	4,312	-	-	4,312
Investment securities at fair value through equity				
Debt-type instruments – listed	304,980	=	-	304,980
Debt-type instruments – unlisted	=	1,294,352	-	1,294,352
Equity-type securities	71,396	15,648	73,400	160,444
	380,688	1,661,323	73,400	2,115,411
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 31 December 2020				
Investment securities at fair value through income statement				
Debt-type instruments	-	40,959	-	40,959
Equity-type securities	3,848	-	-	3,848
Investment securities at fair value through equity				
Debt-type instruments – listed	301,200	-	-	301,200
Debt-type instruments – unlisted	=	1,263,694	-	1,263,694
Equity-type securities	67,948	16,634	72,248	156,830
	372,996	1,321,287	72,248	1,766,531

### **Reconciliation of Level 3 Items**

	Investment securities at fair value through equity		
		31 December	
	30 June 2021	2020	
Opening balance	72,248	79,290	
Total losses recognised in			
- Income statement	(1,943)	(18,201)	
- Equity	207	2,928	
Purchases	3,141	-	
Other movement	(253)	8,231	
Closing balance	73,400	72,248	

Ithmaar Holding B.S.C.
Notes to interim condensed consolidated financial information
for the six month period ended 30 June 2021
(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

# 8 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

Investment in associated entities, as adjusted for the Group's share of their results comprise:

Name of entity	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	% of Shareholding	Country	Activity
					_
Unlisted:					
Citic International Assets Management					
Limited	27,825	33,070	20	Hong Kong	Asset management
Naseej B.S.C. (c)	73,942	73,027	31	Bahrain	Infrastructure
Health 360 Ancillary Services W.L.L.	426	487	20	Bahrain	Third party administrato
Faysal Saving Growth Fund	4,204	-	28	Pakistan	Mutual funds
Faysal Income & Growth Fund	5,004	-	45	Pakistan	Mutual funds
Faysal Cash Fund	654	-	50	Pakistan	Mutual funds
Listed:					
Bank of Bahrain and Kuwait B.S.C.	522,380	516,577	26	Bahrain	Banking
	634,435	623,161			

During the period, the Group's subsidiary increased its shareholding in several funds, thereby classiying them as associates.

Summarised financial position/performanace of associates that have been equity accounted:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Total assets	10,251,295	10,480,239
Total liabilities	8,449,625	8,695,653
Total revenues	162,187	330,004
Total net profit	75,137	120,114

In case of associates where audited/reviewed financial statements are not available, the Group's share of results is arrived at by using the latest available financial information.

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

# 9 OTHER ASSETS

	30 June 2021				31 December 2020		
	Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment		Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment		
	owners	accounts	Total	owners	accounts	Total	
Accounts receivable	128,467	90,932	219,399	125,938	77,914	203,852	
Due from related parties (note 17)	769	-	769	557	-	557	
Taxes – deferred	2,914	-	2,914	1,382	-	1,382	
Taxes – current	25,354	-	25,354	261	-	261	
Non-current assets held for sale	31,703	-	31,703	22,339	-	22,339	
	189,207	90,932	280,139	150,477	77,914	228,391	
Less: provisions	(68,903)	(11,939)	(80,842)	(64,993)	(11,939)	(76,932)	
	120,304	78,993	199,297	85,484	65,975	151,459	

# 10 PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT

		30 June 2021				ember 2020
	Relating to unrestricted Relating to investment			Relating to	Relating to unrestricted investment	
	owners	accounts	Total	owners	accounts	Total
At 1 January	830,116	69,886	900,002	835,622	44,858	880,480
Charge for the period/year	14,571	14,109	28,680	80,683	26,127	106,810
Write back during the period/year	(22,489)	(1,109)	(23,598)	(51,993)	(849)	(52,842)
Write off during the period/year	(27,487)	-	(27,487)	(30,821)	(103)	(30,924)
Exchange differences	1,718	63	1,781	(3,375)	(147)	(3,522)
	796,429	82,949	879,378	830,116	69,886	900,002

During the six month period ended 30 June 2021, the Group has recorded a net provisoin for impairment amounting to \$7.9 million.

Notes to interim condensed consolidated financial information

for the six month period ended 30 June 2021

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

## 10 PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT (continued)

The following table sets out information about the credit quality of financial assets measured at amortized cost. Unless specifically indicated, for financial assets, the amounts in the table represent gross carrying amounts.

30	June	2021

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Financial assets - amortized cost				
Cash, commodity and other placements with banks,				
financial and other institutions	1,030,132	-	-	1,030,132
Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate				
Low risks (1-3)	760,536	83,481	-	844,017
Acceptable risks (4-6)	1,675,909	113,975	400	1,790,284
Watch list (7)	-	674,934	-	674,934
Non performing (8-10)	-	-	349,988	349,988
Carrying amount - Corporate	2,436,445	872,390	350,388	3,659,223
Retail (un-rated)	1,375,848	55,386	49,947	1,481,181
Carrying amount	3,812,293	927,776	400,335	5,140,404
Sukuk and investment securities	374,238	570	9,633	384,441
Other receivables	275,279	9,228	69,208	353,715
Loss allowance	(36,570)	(78,855)	(348,686)	(464,111)
Total	5,455,372	858,719	130,490	6,444,581
31 December 2020	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks,		Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
31 December 2020 Financial assets - amortized cost	Stage 1 931,380	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total 931,380
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks,		Stage 2	Stage 3	
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions		Stage 2 - 67,759	Stage 3	
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate	931,380	-	Stage 3 400	931,380
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate  Low risks (1-3)  Acceptable risks (4-6)  Watch list (7)	<b>931,380</b> 675,345	- 67,759	-	<b>931,380</b> 743,104
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate  Low risks (1-3)  Acceptable risks (4-6)	<b>931,380</b> 675,345	- 67,759 58,336	-	<b>931,380</b> 743,104 1,701,795
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate  Low risks (1-3)  Acceptable risks (4-6)  Watch list (7)	<b>931,380</b> 675,345	- 67,759 58,336 509,549	- - 400 -	<b>931,380</b> 743,104 1,701,795 509,549
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate  Low risks (1-3)  Acceptable risks (4-6)  Watch list (7)  Non performing (8-10)	931,380 675,345 1,643,059 - -	- 67,759 58,336 509,549 -	- 400 - 302,165	931,380 743,104 1,701,795 509,549 302,165
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate  Low risks (1-3)  Acceptable risks (4-6)  Watch list (7)  Non performing (8-10)  Carrying amount - Corporate	931,380 675,345 1,643,059 - - 2,318,404	- 67,759 58,336 509,549 - <b>635,644</b>	- 400 - 302,165 <b>302,565</b>	931,380 743,104 1,701,795 509,549 302,165 3,256,613
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate  Low risks (1-3)  Acceptable risks (4-6)  Watch list (7)  Non performing (8-10)  Carrying amount - Corporate  Retail (un-rated)	931,380 675,345 1,643,059 - - 2,318,404 1,297,500	67,759 58,336 509,549 - <b>635,644</b> 136,491	- 400 - 302,165 <b>302,565</b> 100,775	931,380  743,104 1,701,795 509,549 302,165  3,256,613 1,534,766
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate  Low risks (1-3)  Acceptable risks (4-6)  Watch list (7)  Non performing (8-10)  Carrying amount - Corporate  Retail (un-rated)  Carrying amount	931,380  675,345 1,643,059 2,318,404 1,297,500 3,615,904	67,759 58,336 509,549 - <b>635,644</b> 136,491	- 400 - 302,165 <b>302,565</b> 100,775 <b>403,340</b>	931,380  743,104 1,701,795 509,549 302,165  3,256,613 1,534,766 4,791,379
31 December 2020  Financial assets - amortized cost  Cash, commodity and other placements with banks, financial and other institutions  Financings (funded and unfunded exposure) Corporate  Low risks (1-3)  Acceptable risks (4-6)  Watch list (7)  Non performing (8-10)  Carrying amount - Corporate  Retail (un-rated)  Carrying amount  Sukuk and investment securities	931,380  675,345 1,643,059 2,318,404 1,297,500 3,615,904  390,693	67,759 58,336 509,549 - <b>635,644</b> 136,491 <b>772,135</b>	- 400 - 302,165 302,565 100,775 403,340 9,532	931,380  743,104 1,701,795 509,549 302,165  3,256,613 1,534,766 4,791,379  400,225

Gross financings (funded) as of 30 June 2021 amounted to \$3.0 billion, \$0.9 billion and \$0.4 billion for Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 (31 December 2020: \$3.0 billion, \$0.7 billion and \$0.4 billion) respectively. Collateral coverage for gross financing as of 30 June 2021 was 64%, 76% and 30% for Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 (31 December 2020: 80%, 40% and 48%) respectively.

Notes to interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six month period ended 30 June 2021

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

## 11 EQUITY OF UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS

The funds received from Unrestricted Investment Accountholders (URIA) are invested on their behalf without recourse to the Group as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Cash and balances with banks and central banks	189,292	145,260
Commodity and other placements with banks,		
financial and other institutions	60,727	12,581
Murabaha and other financings	1,482,862	1,360,742
Musharaka financing	1,216,875	929,228
Sukuk and investment securities	684,771	688,416
Assets acquired for leasing	398,283	382,401
Other assets	78,993	65,975
Fixed assets	50,872	-
Due from the Owners (net)	680,061	703,937
	4,842,736	4,288,540
Customers' current accounts	(923,901)	(692,739)
Due to banks, financial and other institutions	(232,097)	(145,655)
Other liabilities	(172,250)	(86,510)
Equity of unrestricted investment accountholders	3,514,488	3,363,636

## 12 SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares (thousands) Share			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
Authorised	8,000,000	2,000,000		
Issued and fully paid				
Total outstanding as at 1 January 2021	3,030,755	757,690		
Treasury shares	(120,595)	(30,149)		
At 30 June 2021 (Reviewed)	2,910,160	727,541		
Issued and fully paid				
Total outstanding as at 1 January 2020	3,030,755	757,690		
Treasury shares	(120,595)	(30,149)		
At 31 December 2020 (Audited)	2,910,160	727,541		

Ithmaar's total issued and fully paid share capital at 30 June 2021 comprises 3,030,755,027 shares at \$0.25 per share amounting to \$757,690 thousands. The share capital of Ithmaar is denominated in United States dollars and these shares are listed on Bahrain Bourse in United States dollars and Dubai Financial Market in Arab Emirates Dirham.

Ithmaar owned 120,595,238 (31 December 2020: 120,595,238) of its own shares at 30 June 2021. The shares are held as treasury shares and Ithmaar has the right to reissue these shares at a later date.

# Notes to interim condensed consolidated financial information

for the six month period ended 30 June 2021

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Rei	ating to owners
13 OTHER INCOME	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
Income from banking services	21,707	34,669
Insurance underwriting profit	12,669	12,007
Income from commodity placements	6,210	8,831
Foreign exchange loss	8,568	(1,089)
Others	1,557	36
	50,711	54,454

# 14 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS/(LOSSES) PER SHARE

Earnings/(losses) per share are calculated by dividing the net income/(loss) attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of issued and fully paid up ordinary shares during the period.

	Six month pe	riod ended	Three month period ended		
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
Net income/(loss) attributable to shareholders (\$'000)	4,006	(1,289)	(4,855)	21,295	
Weighted average number of issued and fully paid up ordinary shares ('000) (note 12)	2,910,160	2,910,160	2,910,160	2,910,160	
Earnings/(losses) per share (Basic & Diluted) – US Cents	0.14	(0.04)	(0.17)	0.73	

#### 15 DIVIDEND

No dividend was declared for 2020 and 2019.

# **16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS**

# **Contingent liabilities**

-		31 December
	30 June 2021	2020
Endorsements	39,277	66,883
Guarantees and irrevocable letters of credit	760,961	589,686
Customer and other claims	213,856	224,481
	1,014,094	881,050
Commitments		
		31 December
	30 June 2021	2020
Undrawn facilities, financing lines and other		
commitments to finance	1,625,156	1,600,375

# Notes to interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six month period ended 30 June 2021

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or to exercise significant influence or joint control over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

- (a) Directors and companies in which they have an ownership interest.
- (b) Major shareholders of Ithmaar, Ultimate Parent and companies in which Ultimate Parent has ownership interest and subsidiaries of such companies (affiliates).
- (c) Associated companies of Ithmaar.
- (d) Senior management.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services, or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Significant balances with related parties comprise:

Cigimican Salances with related parties compile	<del></del>				30 June 2021
	Shareholders &	Associates and other	Directors and related	Senior	
	Affiliates	investments	entities	management	Total
Assets	Aimates	mvestments	citites	management	Total
Murabaha and other financings	392,128	_	_	43	392,171
Investment in associates	-	634,435	_	-	634,435
Other assets	-	-	-	769	769
Liabilities					
Customers' current accounts	14,481	1,217	_	389	16,087
Due to banks, financial and other institutions	, - -	8,439	_	-	8,439
Equity of unrestricted investment accounts	9,702	, -	-	5,468	15,170
Other liabilities	151	-	-	-	151
Income					
Return to unrestricted investment accounts	(48)	_	_	(82)	(130)
Income from murabaha and other financings	1,947	_	_	(0_)	1,947
Share of results after tax from associates	-,	17,029	_	_	17,029
Profit paid to banks, financial and other		•			•
institutions – net	-	(156)	-	-	(156)
Expenses					
Administrative and general expenses	(400)	-	(25)	-	(425)

(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

# 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

				31 D	ecember 2020
	Shareholders & Affiliates	Associates and other investments	Directors and related entities	Senior management	Total
Assets					
Murabaha and other financings	392,972	-	-	2,153	395,125
Investment in associates	-	623,161	-	-	623,161
Other assets	-	-	-	557	557
Liabilities					
Customers' current accounts	14,054	538	-	2,460	17,052
Due to banks, financial and other institutions	=	10,002	-	-	10,002
Equity of unrestricted investment accounts	32,661	=	-	6,379	39,040
Other liabilities	129	-	-	-	129
					30 June 2020
Income					
Return to unrestricted investment accounts	=	=	-	(74)	(74)
Income from murabaha and other financings	1,955	=	-	-	1,955
Share of results after tax from associates	=	15,048	-	-	15,048
Other income	=	16	-	-	16
Profit paid to banks, financial and other					
institutions – net	-	(1,296)	-	-	(1,296)
Expenses					
Administrative and general expenses	(400)	-	(25)	-	(425)

Ithmaar Holding B.S.C.

Notes to interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six month period ended 30 June 2021
(Expressed in thousands of United States Dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 18 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Group constitutes of three main business segments, namely;

- (i) Retail/ Commercial banking business, in which the Group receives customer funds and deposits and extends financing to its retail and corporate clients.
- (ii) Asset Management/Investment Banking, in which the Group directly participates in investment opportunities.

			30	June 2021			30	June 2020
	Retail & Corporate banking	/ Investment	Others	Total	Retail & Corporate banking	Asset Management / Investment Banking	Others	Total
Operating income/(loss)	125,757	1,098	17,560	144,415	149,620	(7,041)	17,889	160,468
Total expenses	(94,766)	(13,239)	(13,664)	(121,669)	(85,529)	(12,598)	(11,628)	(109,755)
Net income/(loss) before provision and overseas taxation	30,991	(12,141)	3,896	22,746	64,091	(19,639)	6,261	50,713
Provision and overseas taxation - net	(8,115)	(1,153)	(517)	(9,785)	(37,427)	(4,584)	(1,299)	(43,310)
Net income/(loss) for the period	22,876	(13,294)	3,379	12,961	26,664	(24,223)	4,962	7,403
Attributable to:		•				• • •		
Equity holders of Ithmaar	14,124	(11,483)	1,365	4,006	19,719	(23,014)	2,006	(1,289)
Minority interests	8,752	(1,811)	2,014	8,955	6,945	(1,209)	2,956	8,692
•	22,876	(13,294)	3,379	12,961	26,664	(24,223)	4,962	7,403
							31 Dec	ember 2020
Total assets	7,670,011	1,108,315	361,958	9,140,284	6,907,505	1,126,662	349,498	8,383,665
Total liabilities and equity of unrestricted investment account holders	8,572,437	51,942	193,391	8,817,770	7,838,742	72,547	180,239	8,091,528

#### 19 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On 14 September 2020, Ithmaar Holding signed a non legally binding Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the Bank of Bahrain and Kuwait B.S.C. (BBK) for BBK to consider the acquisition of certain assets forming part of the Bahrain operations of Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (c) and other specific assets of a related party. Following the initial due diligence, with the assistance of appointed financial and legal advisors, both parties announced on 5 July 2021 that they could not agree on amicable terms and conditions that would maximize their shareholders' interests. Accordingly, both parties have agreed to abandon all efforts in this connection.